

DEFINITION OF TERMS

ACCESSORIES

Devices which are mechanically attached to, or used with, the facilities furnished by the Telephone Company and which are independent of, and not electrically, acoustically or inductively connected to the communications path of the telecommunications system.

ADDITIONAL LISTING

Any listing of a name or other authorized information in connection with a customer's telephone number in addition to that to which he is entitled in connection with his regular service.

APPLICANT

A person, firm, partnership, corporation, cooperative, organization, governmental agency, etc., requesting service from the Telephone Company.

AUTHORIZED PROTECTIVE CONNECTING MODULE

The term authorized protective connecting module denotes a protective unit designed and manufactured under the control of telephone company quality assurance procedures, which unit is to be incorporated in a conforming device.

AUTHORIZED USER

A person, firm, or corporation (other than the customer) on whose premise a telephone, PBX, or private line service or channel is located and who may communicate over such channels in accordance with the terms of the Tariff.

AUXILIARY INTERCOMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS

Auxiliary Intercommunications Systems provide internal voice communications within a customer's premise by means of one-way or two-way intercom systems. They are not interconnected to outside or toll telephone facilities even though they may be connected internally to a telephone system.

BASE RATE

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BASE RATE AREA

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BASIC TERMINATION CHARGE

See "Termination Charge."

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A. DEFINITION OF TERMS

BUILDING (SAME)

The term "same building" is to be interpreted as a structure under one roof, or two or more structures under separate roofs but connected by enclosed passageways in which the wires or cables of the Telephone Company can be safely run provided the plant facility requirements are not appreciably greater than would be required normally if all structures were under one roof. In those cases where there are several structures under separate roofs but connected by enclosed passageways and the plant facility requirements for furnishing service are appreciably greater than would be required normally if all the structures were under one roof, the term "same building" applies individually to each of the separate structures. Pipes and conduits are not considered enclosed passageways.

CALL

An attempted or completed communication.

CANCELLATION CHARGE

A charge applicable under certain conditions when an application for service and/or facilities is canceled in whole or in part prior to the completion of the work involved.

CENTRAL OFFICE

A switching unit in a telephone system which provides service to the general public, having the necessary equipment and operating arrangements for terminating and interconnecting customer lines and trunks or trunks only. There may be more than one central office in a building or exchange.

CENTRAL OFFICE LINE

See "Exchange Line".

CERTIFICATE

Certificate of Public Convenience and necessity issued by the Commission to telephone utilities.

CHANNEL

A path for communication between two or more stations or telephone utility offices, furnished in such a manner as the carrier may elect, whether by wire, radio or a combination thereof and whether or not by a single physical facility or route.

CIRCUIT MEASUREMENT

See MILEAGE AND ZONE CHARGES.

(L) Text previously located on this page now appears on Sheet 3.

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A. DEFINITION OF TERMS

CLASS OF SERVICE

A description of telephone service furnished a subscriber in terms such as:

For Exchange Service:

Type of Rate:	Flat Rate or Message Rate
Character of Use:	Business or Residence
Dialing Method:	Rotary or Pushbutton

For Long Distance Service:

Type of Call: Station-to-Station, Person-to-Person, etc.

For Wide Area Telephone Service:

Type of Rate: Full Time or Measured Time.

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COIN TELEPHONE

A telephone station equipped with a device for collecting money in payment of telephone messages.

COMMISSION

Georgia Public Service Commission.

COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEM

Communications systems are channels or other facilities which are capable, when not connected to the telecommunications systems of two-way communications between customer-provided terminal equipment or Company stations.

CONNECTING ARRANGEMENT

The equipment provided by the Telephone Company to accomplish the direct electrical connection of customer-provided facilities with the facilities of the Telephone Company, or of facilities of the Telephone Company with other facilities of the Telephone Company.

CONSTRUCTION CHARGE

A separate nonrecurring charge made for the construction of facilities in excess of those contemplated under the rates quoted in the Local Exchange Service Section.

CONTRACT

The arrangement between a customer and the Telephone Company under which service and facilities are furnished in accordance with the applicable provisions of the Tariff.

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(L) Text located on this page previously appeared on Sheet 2.
(L) Text previously located on this page now appears on Sheet 4.

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A. DEFINITION OF TERMS

CUSTOMER

Any person, firm, partnership, corporation, municipality, cooperative, organization, governmental agency, etc., provided with telecommunications service by any utility.

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CUSTOMER-PROVIDED TERMINAL EQUIPMENT

Devices or apparatus and their associated wiring, provided by a customer, which do not constitute a communications system and which, when connected to the communications path of the telecommunications system, are so connected either electrically or inductively.

DATA ACCESS ARRANGEMENT

A protective connecting arrangement for use with the network control signaling unit, or in lieu of the connecting arrangement, an arrangement to identify a central office line and protective facilities and procedures to assure proper operation and protection of the telecommunications network.

DEMARCATIION POINT

Point of connection to Network Access located on the subscriber premises.

DIAL SWITCHING EQUIPMENT

A unit of electromechanical or electronic switching equipment used in a central office or in connection with a private branch exchange system.

DIRECT ELECTRICAL CONNECTION

A physical connection of the electrical conductors in the communications path.

DIRECTORY LISTINGS

The publication in the Telephone Company's directory of information relative to a customer's telephone number, by which telephone users may ascertain the call number of a desired station.

1. Caption Listing: The listing of a customer's name without address or telephone number followed by a series of indented listings covering branches of different departments of the business.
2. Foreign Listing: The listing of a customer in the alphabetical list of an exchange other than that for the exchange from which the customer is served.
3. Free Listing: A directory listing for which no specific charge is made.
4. Indented Listing: A directory listing indented under another listing.
5. Reference Listing: The listing of a generally accepted name of a firm or corporation followed by a reference to another listing.

DROP WIRE

Wires used to connect the circuits of open wire, aerial or underground distribution facilities to the Demarcation Point.

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A. DEFINITION OF TERMS

EXCHANGE

A unit established by a telephone utility for the administration of telecommunications service in a specific area for which a separate local rate schedule is provided. It may consist of one or more central offices together with associated plant facilities used in furnishing telecommunication services in that area.

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EXCHANGE LINE

Any line (circuit) directly or indirectly connecting an exchange station with a central office. Exchange lines are subdivided as follows:

1. Central Office Line: A circuit extending from a central office to the location of an individual line or party line main station service or a PBX or Centrex System.
2. Main Station Line: The circuit portion of a main station; the main station line extends from the service location to the central office.
3. Extension Station Line: The circuit portion of an extension station; the extension station line extends from the extension service location to the main service location or a central connecting point of the main service.
4. Extension Line: A circuit with characteristics similar to an extension station line.
5. PBX Station Line: The circuit portion of a PBX station, the PBX station line extends from the PBX Station service locations to the PBX switchboard or dial switching equipment.
6. Tie Line: A circuit connecting PBX systems.

EXCHANGE SERVICE

The general telephone service rendered in accordance with Tariff provisions. Exchange service is a general term describing as a whole the facilities provided for local intercommunication, together with the right to originate and receive a specified or an unlimited number of local messages at charges in accordance with the provisions of this Tariff.

1. Flat and Message Rate Service.
 - a. Flat Rate Service: A classification of exchange service for which a stipulated charge is made, regardless of the amount of use.
 - b. Message Rate Service (Measured Rate): A classification of non-coin box business or residence exchange service which is charged for on the basis of the amount of use.
2. Individual and Party Line Service
 - a. Individual Line Service: A classification of exchange service which provides that only one main station shall be served by the line connecting such station with the central office.
 - b. Party Line Service: A classification of exchange service which provides that two or more main stations may be served by the same central office line. Party line service is further classified by the grade of line, as follows:
 - (1) Four Party Line Service: The same central office line serving no more than four main stations.
 - c. Foreign Exchange Services: A classification of exchange service furnished to a subscriber from an exchange other than the one from which he would normally be served.

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GENERAL SUBSCRIBER SERVICES TARIFF

Pembroke Telephone Company, Inc.

Section A
First Revised Sheet 6
Cancels Original Sheet 6

A. DEFINITION OF TERMS

EXCHANGE SERVICE AREA

The territory, including the base rate, suburban and rural areas served by an exchange, within which local telephone service is furnished at the exchange rates applicable within that area.

EXTENDED AREA SERVICE

A type of telephone service furnished under Tariff provisions whereby customers of a given exchange may complete calls to and, where provided by the Tariff, receive messages from one or more exchanges without the application of long distance message telecommunications charges.

EXTENSION RINGER

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FACILITIES

All property, means and instrumentalities owned, operated, leased, licensed, used, furnished, or supplied for, by or in connection with the rendition of telephone service.

GRADE OF SERVICE

The term used in describing exchange service with respect to the number of main telephones which may be connected to a central office line. (One-party, four-party).

INITIAL SERVICE PERIOD

The minimum length of time for which a customer is obligated to pay for service, facilities and equipment, whether or not retained by the customer for such minimum length of time.

INSTALLATION CHARGE

A separate initial charge, made under certain conditions for the placing, connecting, or furnishing of equipment (Standard Network Interface) for the establishment of service which may or may not be associated with other charges for the service or equipment furnished. An installation charge is not a recurring charge, although the other charges, if any, with which it is associated ordinarily are recurring charges.

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A. DEFINITION OF TERMS

INTERCEPTING SERVICE

A service arrangement whereby a person calling a disconnected or discontinued telephone number is informed that the called telephone number has been discontinued, or disconnected, or changed to another number, or that calls are received by another telephone.

JOINT USER SERVICE

A classification of exchange service furnished to a joint user, in connection with customer's exchange service. A joint user is a person, firm, or corporation sharing the customer's exchange service in accordance with Tariff provisions, but who would not otherwise be entitled to the use of the service.

KEY TELEPHONE SET

A telephone set equipped with keys or buttons in the mounting.

KEY TELEPHONE SYSTEMS

An arrangement of equipment in combination with telephone sets and associated keys, to connect the associated telephone to any one of a limited number of exchange, PBX, intercommunicating or private lines. Line indicating, signaling, holding features, etc., are, or may be, incorporated.

LEFT-IN STATION

A station left on the premises after discontinuance of service. Also referred to as "instrumentalities-in-place."

LOCAL CHANNEL

The portion of channel which connects a station to an interexchanging channel or a channel connecting two or more stations within an exchange area.

LOCAL EXCHANGE SERVICE

Telecommunication service provided within local exchange service areas in accordance with the Tariffs. It includes the use of exchange facilities required to establish connections between stations within the exchange and between stations and the toll facilities serving the exchange.

MILEAGE CHARGES

A charge applying for the use of part or all of a channel furnished by the Telephone Company.

- 1. Foreign Exchange Mileage: The measurement applying to a line connecting a customer's main station or PBX system with a central office of an exchange other than that from which the customer would normally be served, for the use of which a separate charge is made in addition to the base rate. (L)

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A. DEFINITION OF TERMS

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MIMINUM CONTRACT PERIOD

The minimum length of time for which a customer is obligated to pay for service facilities and equipment, whether or not retained by the customer for such minimum length of time.

MISCELLANEOUS EQUIPMENT

Equipment furnished at additional charges associated with the various classes of subscriber service.

NETWORK CONTROL SIGNALING

The transmission of signals used in the telecommunications system which perform functions such as supervision (control, status, and charging signals), address signaling (e.g., dialing), calling and called number identification, audible tone signals (call progress signals indicating re-order or busy conditions, alerting, coin denominations, coin collect and coin return tones) to control the operation of switching machines in the telecommunications system.

NETWORK CONTROL SIGNALING UNIT

The terminal equipment furnished, installed and maintained by the Telephone Company for the provision of network control signaling.

NEW SUBSCRIBER

Applicants having no basic monthly service or those subscribers changing service premises.

PBX TRUNK

An individual exchange line terminated in a PBX switchboard or switching equipment.

PREMISES

The term "same premises" (except in connection with inside moves) shall be interpreted to mean:

1. The building or buildings, together with the surrounding land occupied as, or used in the conduct of, one establishment, business, residence, or a combination thereof, and not intersected by a public road or by property occupied by others;
2. The portion of the building occupied by the customer, either in the conduct of his business or residence, or a combination thereof, and not intersected by a public corridor or by space occupied by others; or,
3. In connection with inside moves, the term "same premises" is to be interpreted to mean the building or portion of a building occupied as a unit by the customer in the conduct of his business or as a residence, or a combination thereof, and not intersected by a public road, corridor, or space occupied by others.

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A. DEFINITION OF TERMS

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PRIVATE BRANCH EXCHANGE SERVICE (PBX SERVICE)

1. A type of service providing an arrangement of switching equipment and stations for intercommunicating among the stations and for connections through the local and long distance message telephone network to other subscribers.
2. Lines (circuits), equipment and facilities ordinarily furnished in connection with PBX service include the following:
 - a. Stations:
 - (1) PBX Station - A station connected with a PBX switchboard or PBX dial switching equipment.
 - (2) PBX Extension Station - A telephone set which is bridged to the same line as the PBX station.
 - (3) PBX Interior Station - A PBX station that cannot originate or receive local or long distance calls either directly or through the PBX attendant.
 - b. Trunk: A central office line (circuit) connecting a PBX system with a central office.
 - c. Tie Line: A circuit connecting private branch exchange switchboards.
 - d. Trunk Termination: Equipment necessary to terminate each PBX trunk in the common switching equipment of a PABX System.
 - e. Line Termination: Equipment required for the provision of each PBX number associated with expandable PABX System.

PRIVATE LINE SERVICE

As opposed to exchange service, this refers to channels and equipment furnished to a customer for direct communication between various points without access to the Company's exchange switching network.

PRIVATE TELEPHONE NUMBER (LISTING)

When requested in writing by the subscriber, the omission of the subscriber's assigned number from the directory and the Telephone Company's information records.

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A. DEFINITION OF TERMS

PRIVATE RIGHT-OF-WAY

A facility route granted to the Telephone Company on or over private property.

PUBLIC TELEPHONE

An exchange station installed at the Telephone Company's initiative, or at the Telephone Company's Option, at a location chosen or accepted as suitable and necessary for furnishing service to the general public.

Coin Pay Telephone – A pay telephone equipped with coin collecting device into which all payments for the use of the telephone are deposited prior to (prepayment) or at (postpayment) the time the operator established the desired connection.

ROTARY SERVICE

An arrangement whereby two or more lines furnished to a customer are assigned numbers in sequence and equipped so that calls to the first number are automatically completed to the first non-busy line in the sequence. Lines beyond the first line are referred to as "auxiliary lines".

ROUTE MEASUREMENT

The actual length of a circuit between two points.

SERVICE CONNECTION CHARGE

A nonrecurring charge applying to the establishment of basic telephone service for a subscriber and certain subsequent additions to that service.

STANDARD NETWORK INTERFACE

Modular jack/protector device located outside the customer's premises for the connection of customer premises inside wire to the network access line.

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SUSPENSION OF SERVICE

An arrangement made at the request of the customer, or initiated by the Telephone Company for violation of Tariff regulations by the customer, for temporarily discontinuing service without terminating the service agreement or removing the telephone equipment from the customer's premises.

TARIFF

The rates, charges, rules and regulations adopted and filed by the Telephone Company and accepted by the Georgia Public Service Commission.

TELEPHONE NUMBER

A designation assigned to a telephone station or private branch exchange necessary for placing calls to the telephone station or private branch exchange and for identification in the assessment of message charges, etc.

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GENERAL SUBSCRIBER SERVICES TARIFF

Pembroke Telephone Company, Inc.

Section A
Second Revised Sheet 11
Cancels First Revised Sheet 11

A. DEFINITION OF TERMS

TELEPHONE STATION

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TEMPORARY DISCONNECTION

An arrangement made at the request of the customer for temporarily discontinuing service without terminating the contract or removing the telephone equipment from the customer's premises.

TRUNK LINE

A circuit over which customers' messages are sent between two central offices or between a central office and a private branch exchange system.

WIDE AREA TELEPHONE SERVICE (WATS)

See Section R in this Tariff.

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